



Photointerrupter
Product Data Sheet
LTH-306-02

Spec No. :DS-55-93-0004
Effective Date: 08/28/2024
Revision: B

LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4

Photo-Interrupter LTH-306-02

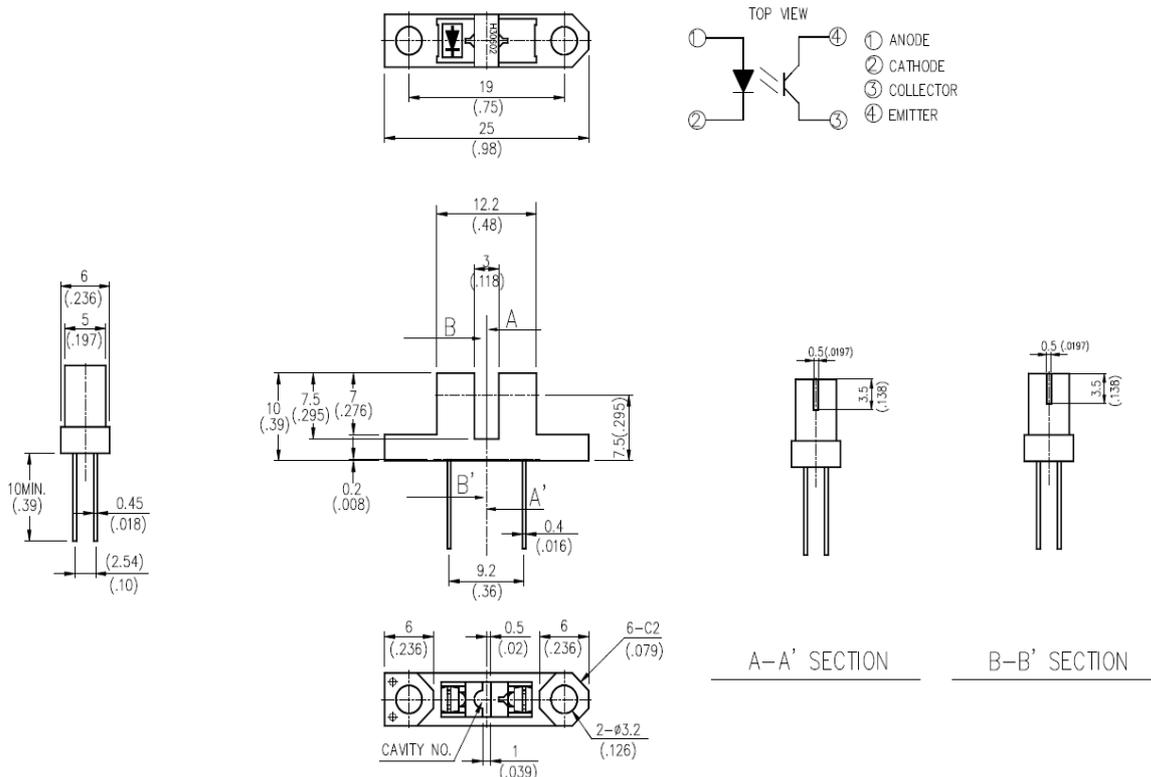
1. Description

Photointerrupters consist of infrared emitters and photo detectors in slotted, reflective and actuator type switches. Featuring high reliability, accuracy and special custom-tailored devices to fulfill various sensor requirements such as facsimile machine, copy machine, printer, scanner... etc. Our skilled team of specialists with engineering expertise is ready to offer fast support for the requirements of custom-made parts and co-development with customers.

1.1. Features

- NON-Contact Switching
- For Direct Pc Board Or Dual-In-Line Socket Mounting
- Fast Switching Speed

2. Outline Dimensions



Notes :

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ unless otherwise noted.

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3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
INPUT LED		
Power Dissipation	80	mW
Peak Forward Current (300 pps , 10 μ S pulse)	1	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
OUTPUT PHOTOTRANSISTOR		
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Collector Current	20	mA
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to + 85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (.063") From Case]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

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4. Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
INPUT LED						
Forward Voltage	V_F	-	1.2	1.6	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	-	-	100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
OUTPUT PHOTOTRANSISTOR						
Collector-Emitter Dark Current	I_{CEO}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
Collector-Emitter Voltage	BV_{CEO}	30	-	-	V	$I_{CE} = 1\text{mA}$
Emitter-Collector Voltage	BV_{ECO}	5	-	-	V	$I_{EC} = 100\mu\text{A}$
COUPLER						
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$	-	-	0.4	V	$I_C = 0.25\text{mA}$ $I_F = 20\text{mA}$
On State Collector Current	$I_{C(ON)}$	0.5	-	-	mA	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Response Time	Rise Time	T_r	-	3	μS	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $F = 10\text{KHZ}$, $I_C = 2\text{mA}$, $V_{ce} = 5\text{V}$
	Fall Time	T_f	-	4		

NOTE:

1. Forward voltage of tolerance +/-0.1V; Others of tolerance $\pm 10\%$.

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5. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Fig.1 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

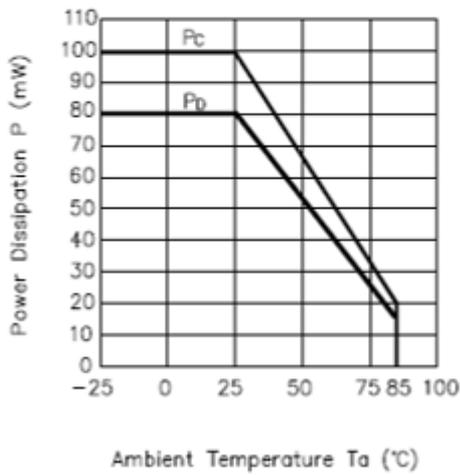


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

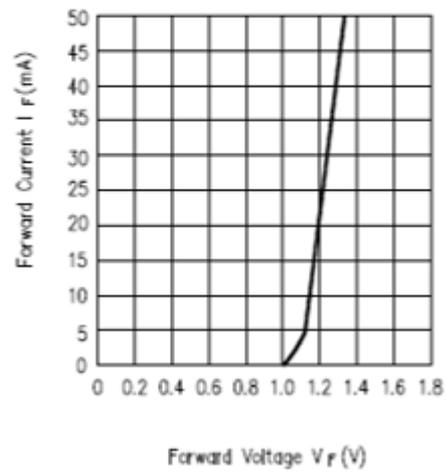


Fig.3 Collector Current vs. Forward Current

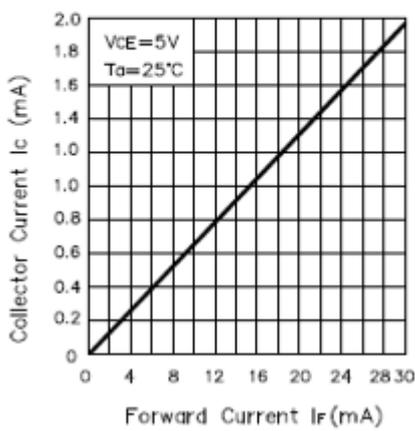


Fig.4 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

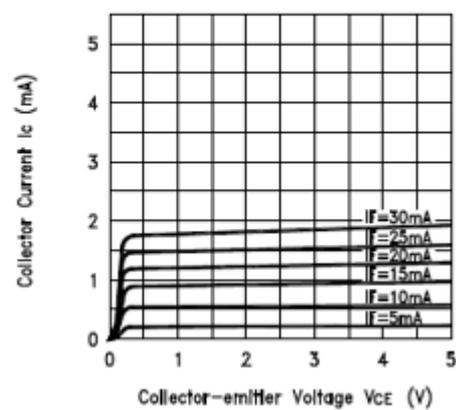




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Fig.5 Relative output vs. Ambient Temperature

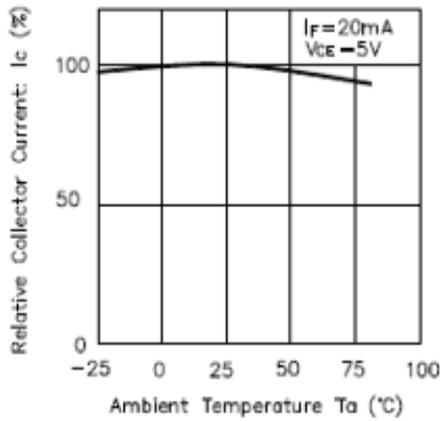


Fig.6 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

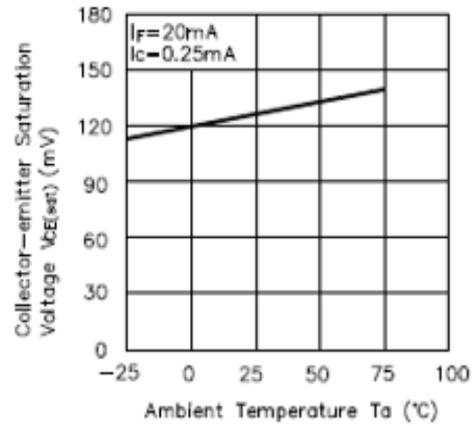
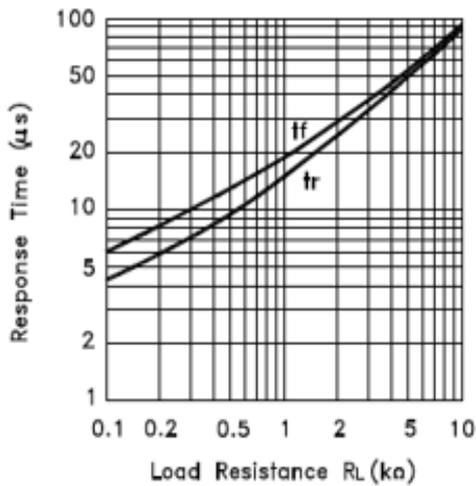


Fig.7 Response Time vs. Load Resistance



Test Circuit for Response Time

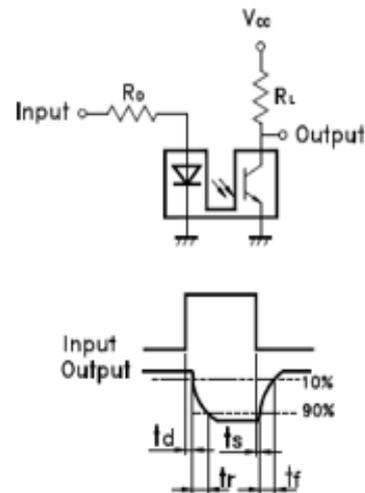


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Fig.8 Relative Collector Current vs. Distance

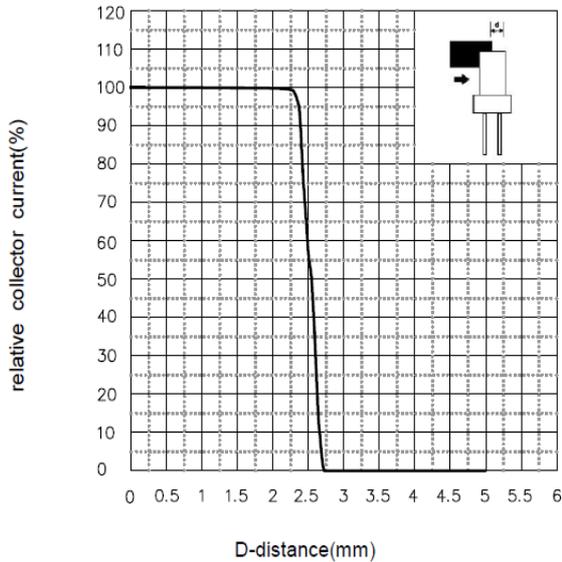
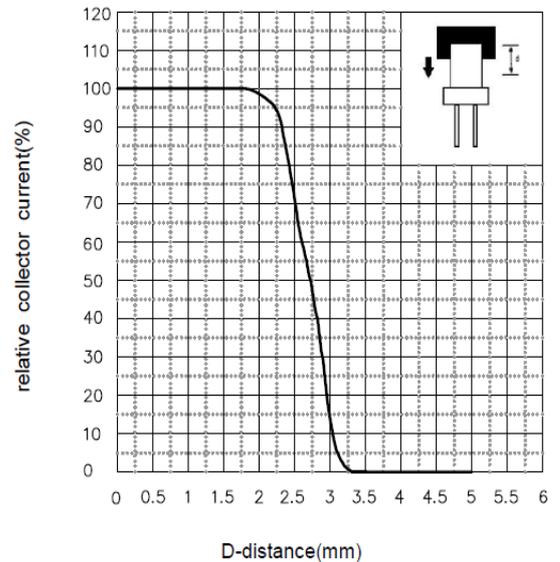


Fig.9 Relative Collector Current vs. Distance



6. Soldering information

Dipping the housing into the solder must be avoided.

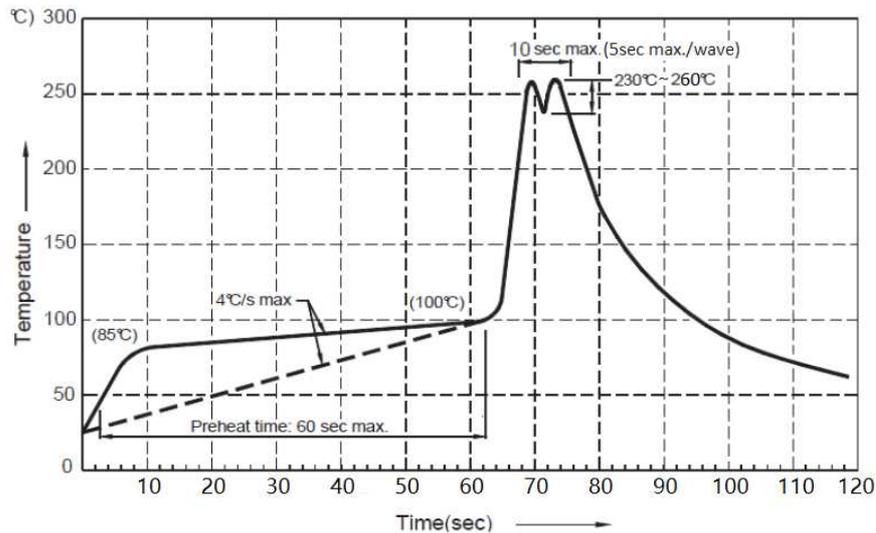
Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the product is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

	Lead Soldering		Wave soldering
Temperature	350°C Max.	Pre-heat	100°C Max.
Soldering time	3 seconds Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat time	60 seconds Max.
Position	No closer than 2mm from the base of the housing	Solder wave	260°C Max.
		Soldering time	5 seconds Max.
		Dipping Position	No lower than 2mm from the base of the housing

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Recommended Wave soldering Profile:



7. Cautions for Storage

The storage ambient for this component should be <30°C temperature and < 70 % relative humidity, also the component should be assembled within 3 months upon the delivery date. To extend the storage life when the part still in original packing, the component should be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient but not over a year; after opening the package, the component must be consumed within 3months under controlled environment of <25°C and <60%RH. Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environment where condensation can occur. If storage conditions do not meet above criteria, the component's pin may become oxidized then solderability assessment and re-sorting must be performed before use.